

# S. Vasey<sup>1</sup>, A. Deom<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Centre Suisse de Contrôle de Qualité, Chêne-Bourg, Switzerland



## ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATION OF THE QUALITY CONTROL CENTER SWITZERLAND: 9 YEARS OF EXPÉRIENCE

### **DEFINITIONS**



### Accreditation:

Formal recognition of the technical competence of an organism to provide a a concrete provision of a service, as defined in the accredited scope. Technical competence is key to transparency, confidence and comparability (1)

Since 1999, the CSCQ has been accredited SIS 051 according to SN EN 45004 (1995) ISO/IEC 17020 (1998), the guide ISO 43-1 (1997), the directives ILAC G-13 (2000), and the guide EA 5/01 (1996).

# Certification:

Procedure in which a third party confirms in writing that a service respects predefined normative requirements (2)

## Since 1999, the CSCQ has been certified according to ISO 9002 then ISO 9001:2000. Conformity evaluation:

Systematic examination aimed to check the respect of predefined requirements for the provision of a service. The requirements can be set up by legal dispositions, norms or by other means.

## Quality:



Totality of characteristics of a service provision that bear on its ability to satisfy stated and implied needs (9).

### In other words:

To see its own requirements fulfilled during processes with evolving requirements and data.

### Conditions for accreditation and certification (5)

- ✓ Independence and impartiality. No pressure, either commercial, financial or from a third party
- ✓ Management committed to Quality
- ✓ Implementation of European and international norms
- ✓ Collaborators' recognition by the Management
- ✓ Reliable communication, common interests and internal co-operation (4)
- ✓ Technical competence and experience come first and foremost

### for:

- ✓ Development and processes checks with strictly targeted means
- ✓ Detection of non conformities (NC) → opportunities for training and change (7)
- ✓ Evaluation of opportunities and projected risks → motivation for the detection of these NC (7)
- ✓ Error analysis, complaints, deviations → creation of corrective and preventive actions (7)
- ✓ Internal audits, indicators for the state of processes involving collaborators (6)
- $\checkmark$  Direction review, analysis of the quality system relevance  $\Rightarrow$  Objectives, intentions and plans of actions for the coming year (7)
- √ Systematic continuous improvement in service provisions and quality control surveys (4)

# Steps towards accreditation / certification



# From pure theory.....

- a) Quality awareness
- b) Development of strategies
- c) Definitions of quality objectives
- d) Adaptation of other existing systems
- e) Transparency of conclusions for the collaborators



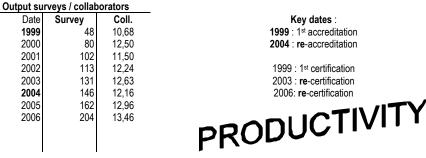


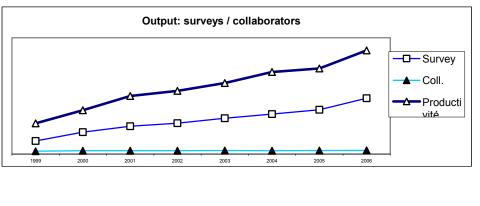
2. Collaborators' involvement by granting clear functions according to a structured 3. Determination of technical and social competence of collaborators 4. Choice of a Quality Manual index and of a documentation system 5. Analysis and writing of internal directives (=legislative) 7. Education and practice for collaborators towards assimilation of the system 8. Systematic internal audits to evaluate the setting up of the system with feed-back 9. Analysis of external and internal complaints for the system to adjust to the needs 10. Completion of audit check-lists for accreditation or certification 11. Request for an audit by accrediting or certifying organisms 2 years

1. Appointment of Quality manager linked to Management and answering for quality

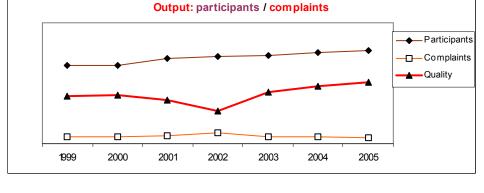
### RESULTS OF ACCREDITATION + CERTIFICATION AFTER 9 YEARS

- ➤ increase of surveys and participants without increasing collaborators
- ➤ increase of surveys and participants without increasing complaints
- > increase of surveys and participants without enlarging the documentation system
- > increase of experts' requirements about samples homogeneity evaluation, samples stability and uncertainty of assigned values results





### Evolution of complaints / participants Increase in complaints in 2002 directly linked to increase Date Participant Complaint in new surveys developments 1999 and in number of participants, 2000 3883 325 followed by a decrease of complaints although the increase of 2001 4231 participants continues. 2002 4312 535 345 2003 4399 QUALIT 2004 4528 320 2005 4605 301 Output: participants / complaints



# Accreditation + certification in numbers 1997 - 2006

Cost: CHF 170 200,-

Number of audits by accrediting-certifying organisms: 11 Number of quality documents: more than 300

# Conclusions: expected and obtained benefits

- ⇒ confidence in the organism results, reports, and the certificates
- $\Rightarrow$  national and international recognition of the organism's competence for the conformity evaluation of the received results
- ⇒ transformation into a "learning-teaching" organism thanks to the maintenance of a continuous improvement system
  - ⇒ competence to offer follow-up and advice to the participants

# **Prospects**

Certification = conformity ... then decrease of politico-commercial barriers Accreditation = competence ... then opening to true innovations

- (1): http://www.sas.ch/fr/akkreditierung/index.html
- (2): http://www.sqs.ch Association Suisse pour Systèmes de Qualité et de Management
- (3): Dr. Vollmer's Wörterbuch der Mythologie aller Völker. Stuttgart: Hoffmann'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung. (4): sasFORUM N°. 3/2001
- (5): Accréditation, METAS (2003)
- : sasFORUM N°. 1/2002
- : Management de la qualité dans le domaine de la santé et dans le secteur médico-social. Guide SQS (2003)
- (8): Overview of accreditation of EQAs organisations, EQALM Symposium (2003)

- (9): NF EN ISO 8402, Management de la qualité et assurance de la qualité (1995)
- http://www.metas.ch/
- http://www.sqs.ch/
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