



# The Problem of the Use of different Units for the same Analyte

EQALM Symposium 2009  
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# Comparability of results

- Measurement traceability to the reference material or procedures
- Measurement traceability to International System of units - SI units
- Interchange of information between laboratories



# Comparability of results

- Of the seven base SI-units the mass unit **kilogram** and unit for substance amount **mole** are the ones are mostly used in clinical chemistry
- Several non-SI but internationally accepted units : litre, IU
- Traceability to international conventional standards



# Unit used in EQA schemes

- Aim to follow international agreements
- Specific instructions on the recording and reporting the test results are supplied to laboratories (e.g. units and significant figures).
- Regardless of detailed instructions the data an EQA-coordinator receives contains results with various units



# Challenges in units

- easy to handle conversion (creatinine)
- units close to each other (alpha-fetoprotein)
- same standards but different conversion factors from different reagent producers (prolactin)
- manufacturer has assays with the different standardisations for the same analyte (growth hormone)



# Creatinine

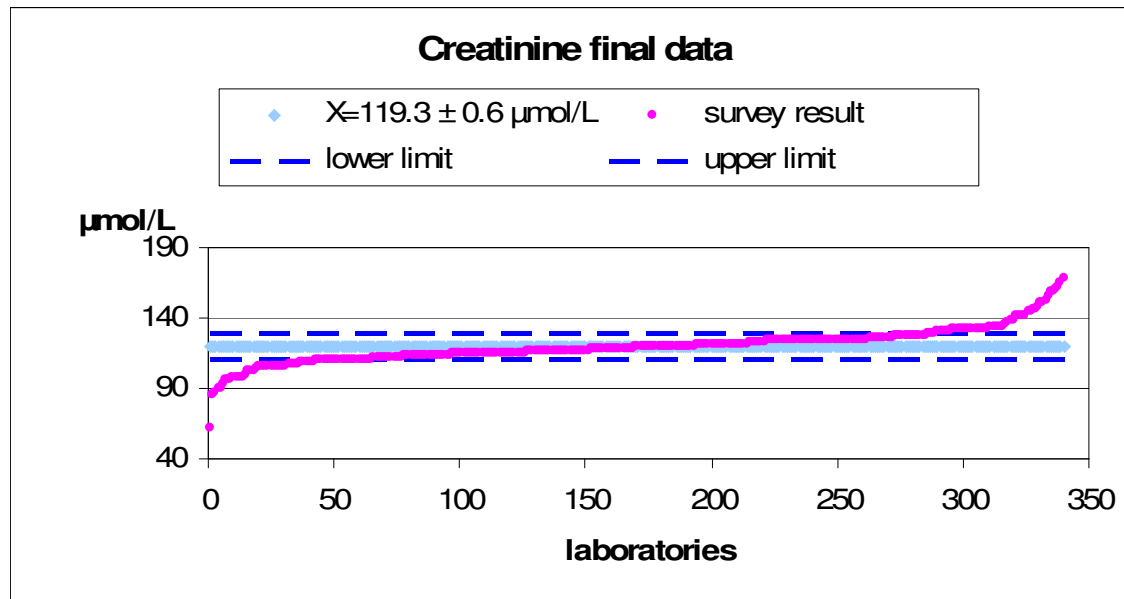
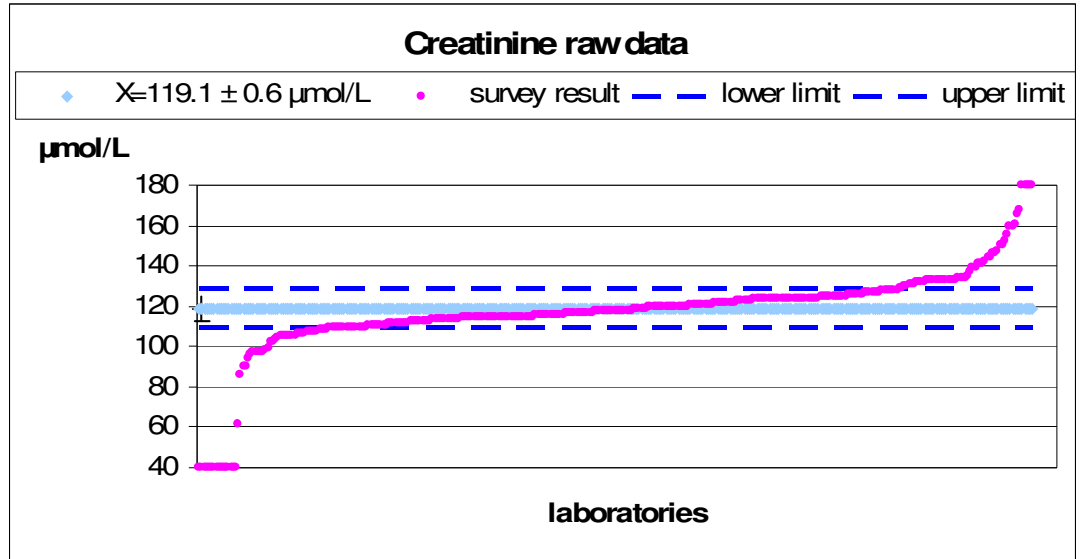
- Traceable to IDMS reference method
- SI unit  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ , unit conversion factor from mg/dL 88.4
- 25% of laboratories reported creatinine results in mg/dL
- 41 (6%) of laboratories reported in “wrong” units
  - not reported the that they use mass units
  - mistakenly reported in SI-units ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) although in their method specifications they have reported mg/dL units



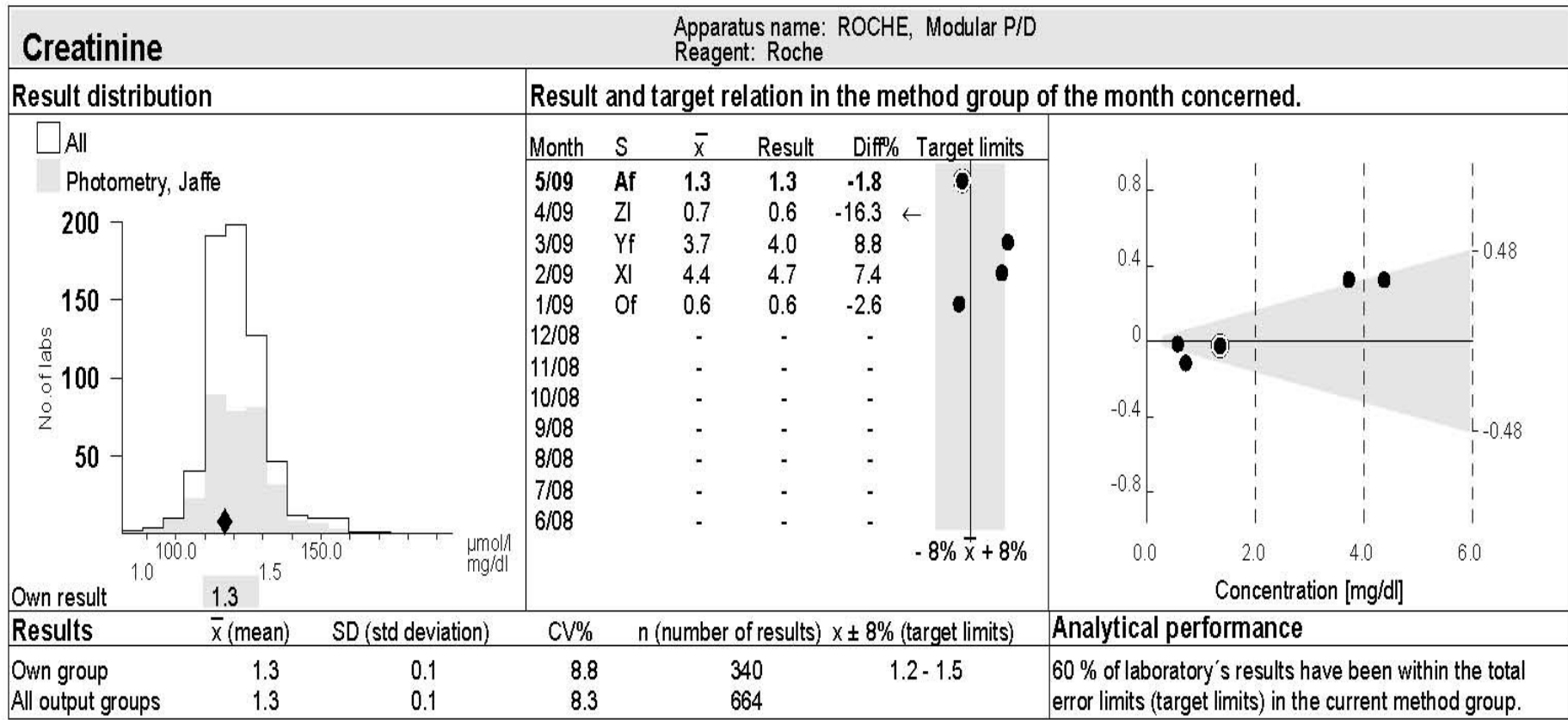
**S-Krea** , Fotometria, Jaffe

Näyte	Määritys	Tryhmä	Alaryhmä	Laite	Men.	Tulos	Kspiiri	Rec. nro
001	0005	008	0	1		1.1	123	<b>001662</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.2	123	<b>001663</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.2	123	<b>001664</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.2	123	<b>001665</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.3	123	<b>001666</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.3	123	<b>001667</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		1.3	123	<b>001668</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	000	<b>001784</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	012	<b>001785</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	011	<b>001786</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	017	<b>001787</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	000	<b>001788</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	101	<b>001789</b>
001	0005	008	0	1		115.0	101	<b>001790</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	1.800 /	159.1	123	<b>001992</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	1.820 /	160.8	123	<b>001993</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	1.870 /	165.3	123	<b>001994</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	1.900 /	167.9	123	<b>001995</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	117.000	10342.8	000	<b>001996</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	119.000	10519.6	000	<b>001997</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	121.992	10784.0	101	<b>001998</b>
001	0005	008	0	1	120.000	11403.6	101	<b>001999</b>









# Alpha-fetoprotein

- Default unit kU/L
- 15 /128 laboratories use ng/mL or  $\mu\text{g/L}$
- WHO 1st IS of AFP 1975
- Conversion factor is 0.83 from mass units to IU (1 IU = 1.21 ng of AFP)

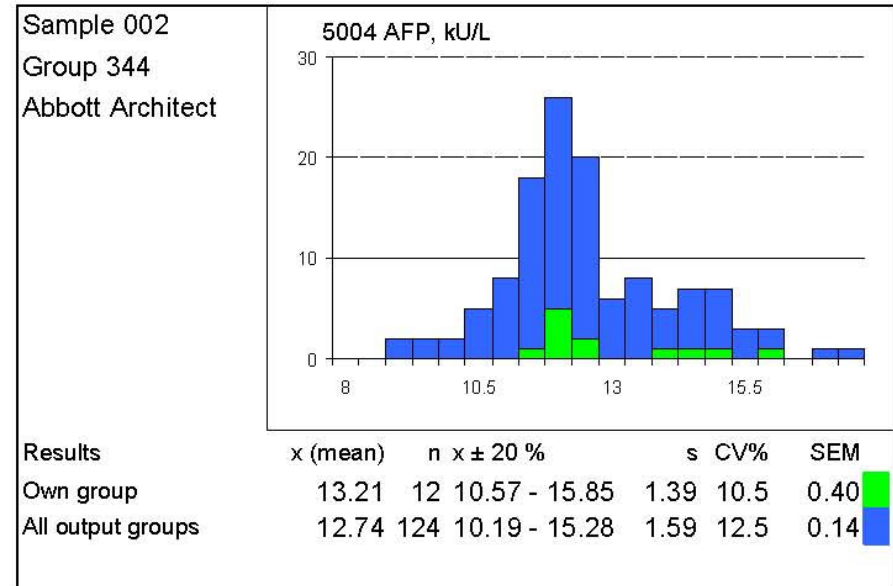
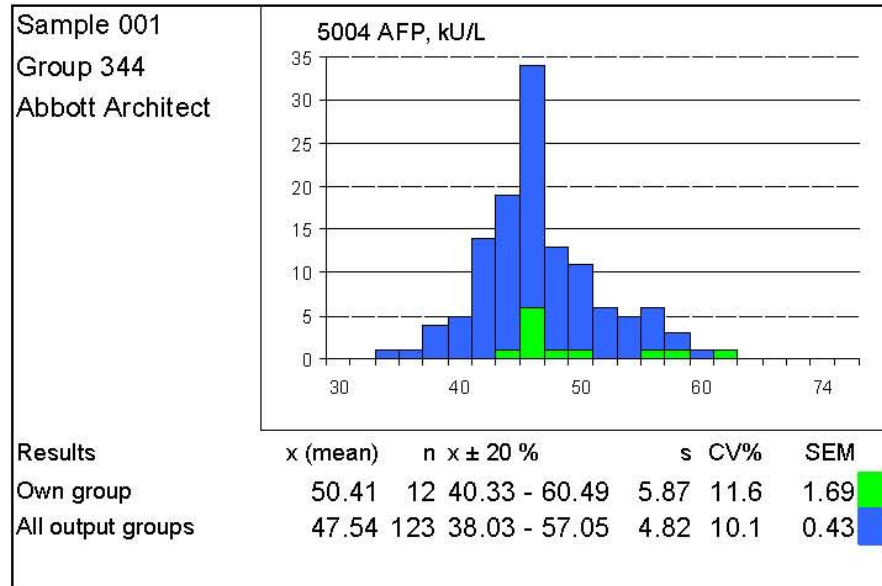


# Alpha-fetoprotein

Labquality Oy

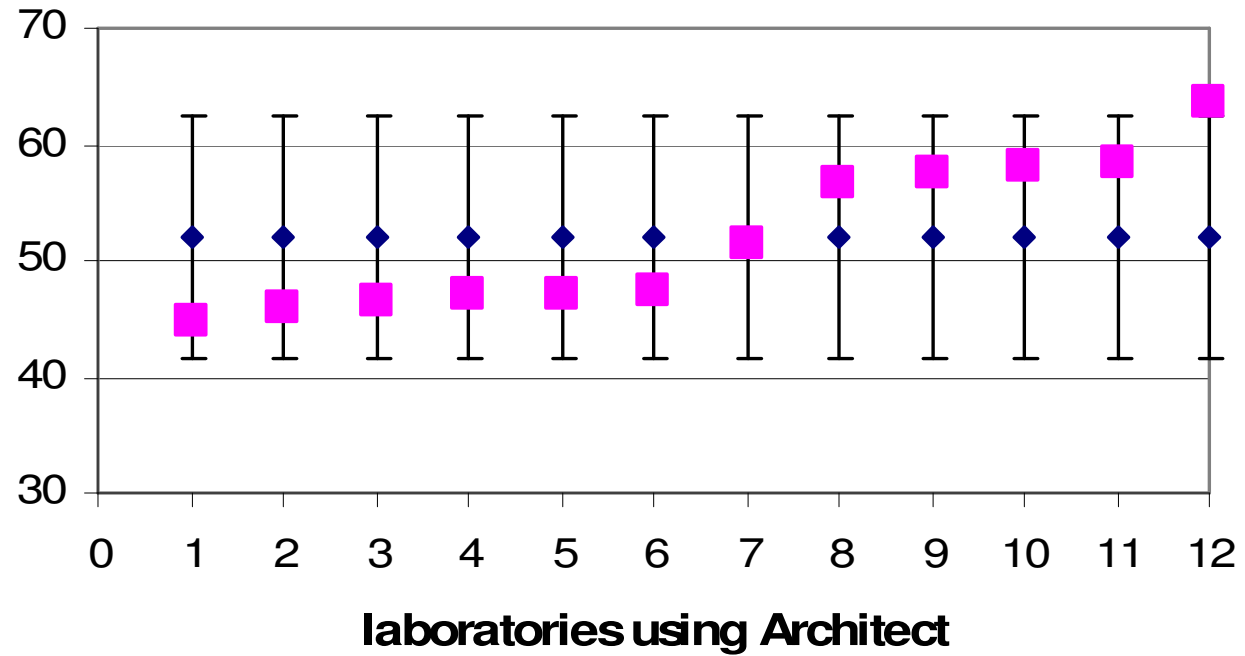
1(42)

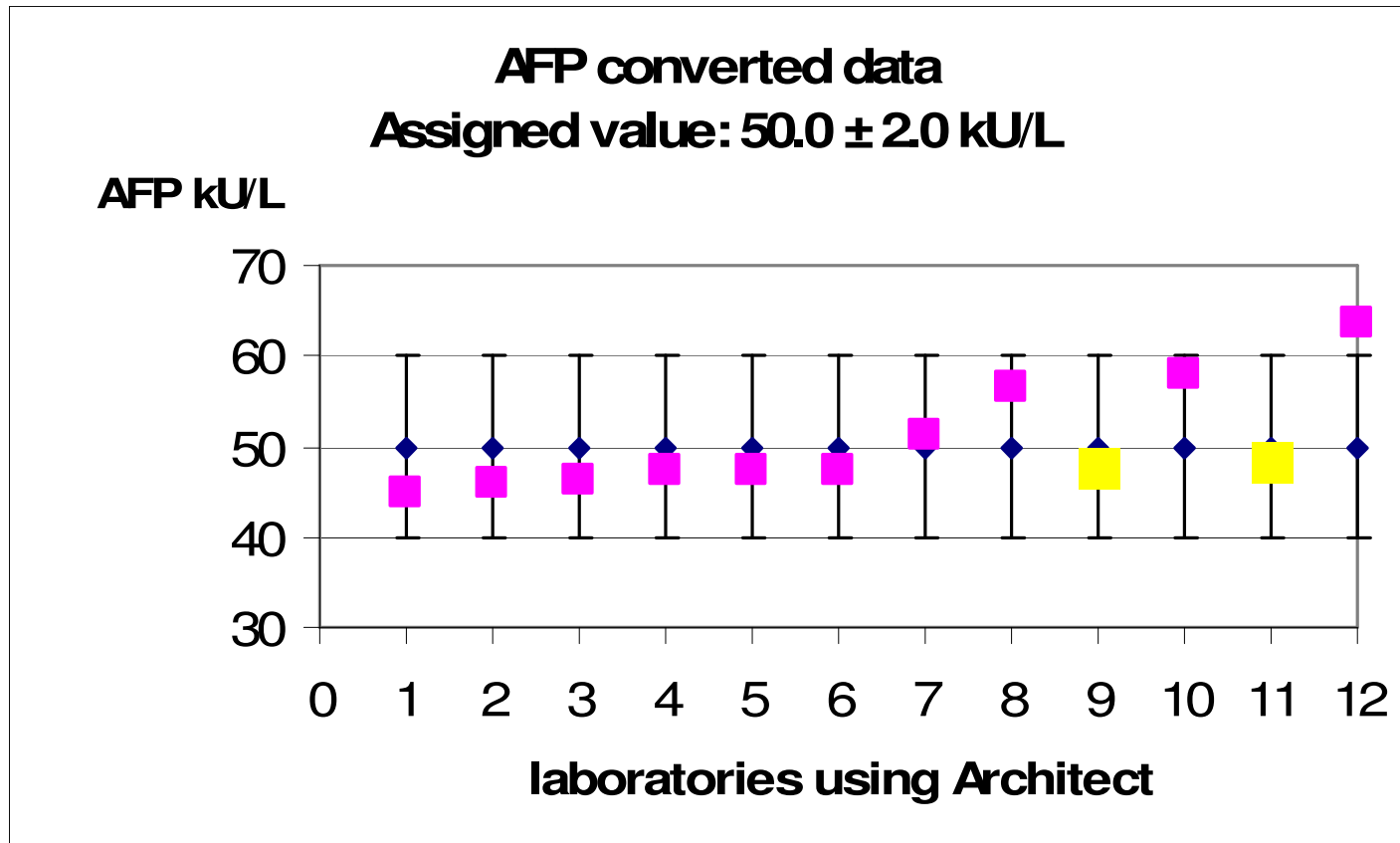
HISTOGRAMS: Tumour markers 2009/01

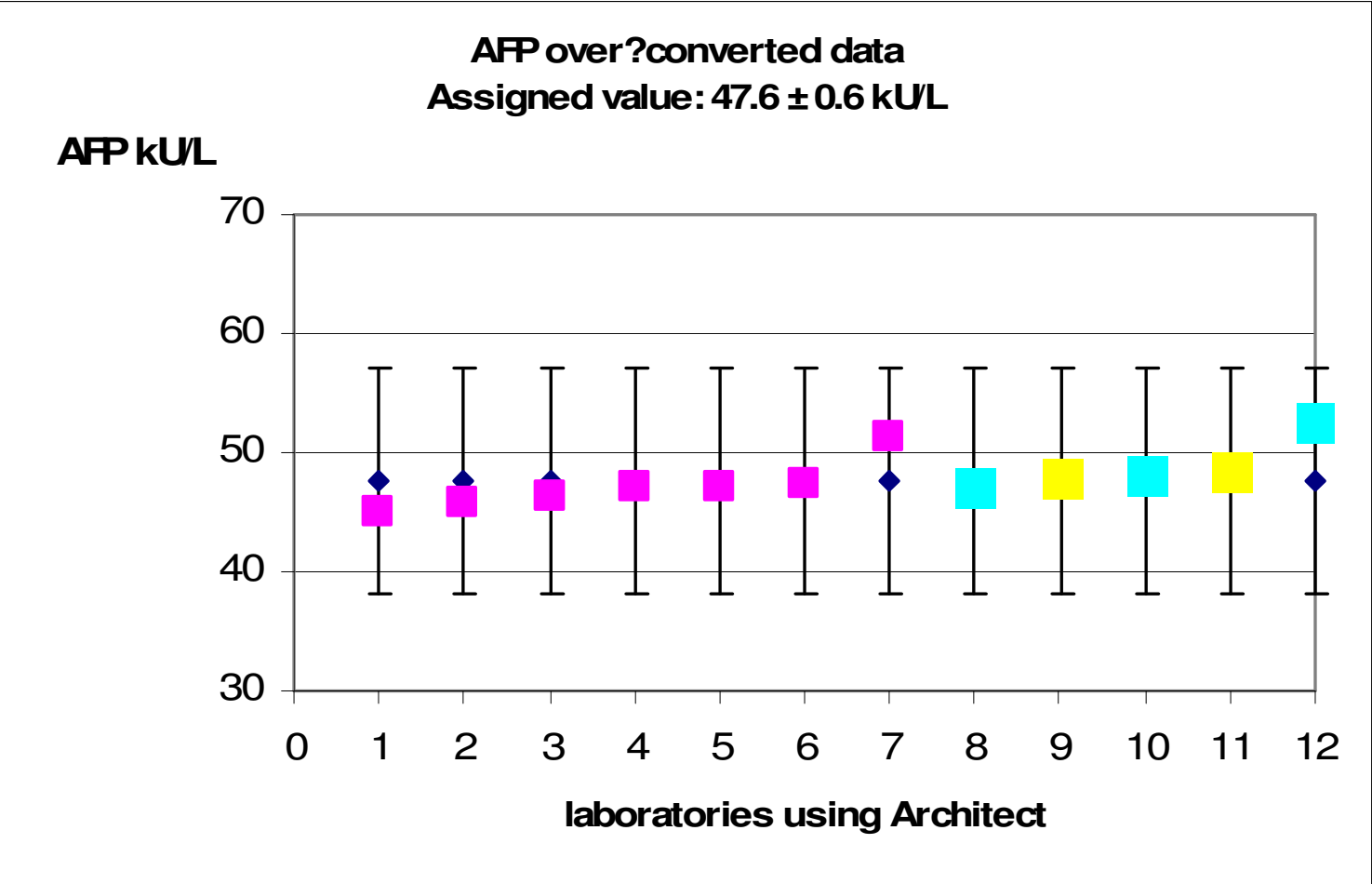


**AFP original data**  
**Assigned value: 52.0 ± 2.6 kU/L**

**AFP kU/L**





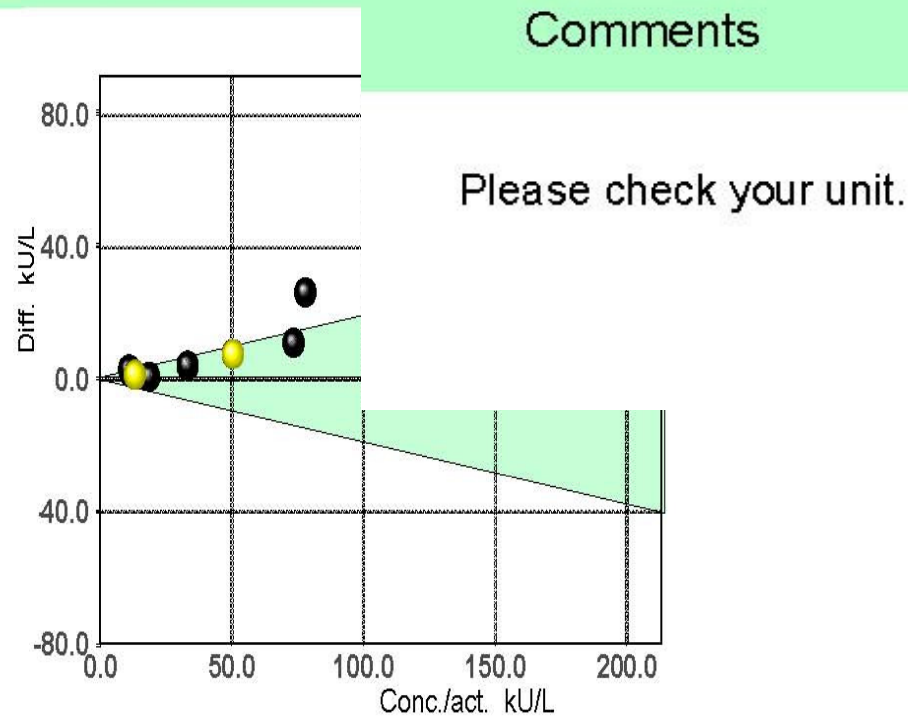
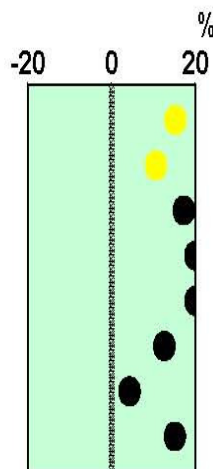


Previous survey data

Conc./act. dependent performance

Comments

Survey	X	Sample	No	Own	Diff%
09/01	50.4	Sak 344	001	58.1	15.3
09/01	13.2	Sal 344	002	14.6	10.6
08/04	11.6	Sai 344	001	13.6	17.2
08/04	11.0	Saj 344	002	14.0	27.3
08/03	78.0	Sag 344	001	104.3	33.7
08/03	33.3	Sah 344	002	37.5	12.6
08/02	18.6	Sae 344	001	19.4	4.3
08/02	73.5	Saf 344	002	84.6	15.1



# Prolactin

- Two international standards are used:
  - 3rd IS 84/500 (1 ng=21.2  $\mu$ IU)
  - 1st IRP 75/504 (1 ng=32  $\mu$ IU)
- Default unit mU/L
- 34 / 168 (20%) laboratories use unit ng/mL
- Several unit conversion factors of different manufacturers





<b>Assay</b>	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Primary standard</b>
Abbott Architect	<b>21</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Abbott Axym	<b>24</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Adaltis EIAgen	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Beckman Coulter UniCel	<b>21.2</b>	
Beckman Coulter Immunotech	<b>30.3</b>	3rd IS 84/500
bioMerieux Vidas	<b>22</b>	
Diasorin Liaison	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
DRG Diagnostics ELISA	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
DRG Prolactin IRMA		1st IRP 75/504
Perkin Elmer AutoDefia	<b>36</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Roche Elecsys&Modular E&cobas	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Siemens Advia Centaur	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
Siemens Immulite	<b>21.2</b>	3rd IS 84/500
TOSOH AIA	<b>27</b>	



lab	org_result	lab_unit	factor	final_result	peer group
1	6.27	ng/ml	21.2	132.9	Roche Elecsys & cobas e 411
2	6.3	ng/ml	21.2	133.6	Roche Modular E & cobas e 601
3	6.6	ng/ml	21.2	139.9	Monobind AccuBind ELISA
4	6.74	ng/ml	21.2	142.9	Beckman Coulter Unicel
5	6.81	abb ng/ml	24	163.4	Abbott AxSym & IMx
5	6.81	ng/ml	21.2	144.4	Beckman Coulter Unicel
7	6.88	ng/ml	21.2	145.9	Siemens Immulite, 2000, 2500
8	7.1	ng/ml	21.2	150.5	DRG Diagnostics EIA
9	7.37	bio ng/ml	22	162.1	bioMerieux Vidas
10	7.41	abb ng/ml	24	177.8	Abbott AxSym & IMx
11	7.41	abb ng/ml	24	177.8	Abbott AxSym & IMx
12	7.5	ng/ml	21.2	159.0	Siemens Immulite, 2000, 2500
13	7.63	arc ng/ml	21	183.1	Abbott Architect
14	7.72	arc ng/ml	21	162.1	Abbott Architect
15	7.83	ng/ml	21.2	166.0	Adaltis EIA
16	7.9	bio ng/ml	22	173.8	bioMerieux Vidas
18	8.09	bio ng/ml	22	178.0	bioMerieux Vidas

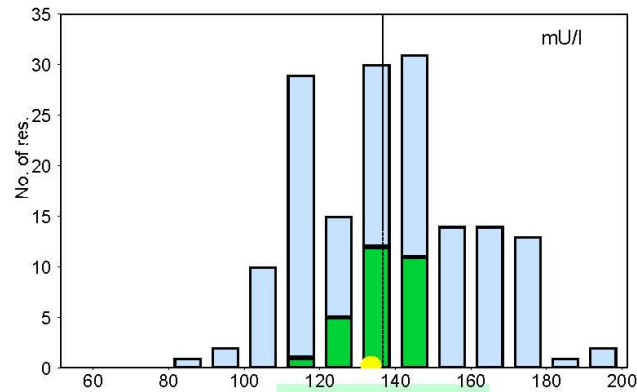


Prolactin (0663)

001

Roche Modular E & cobas e 601  
360

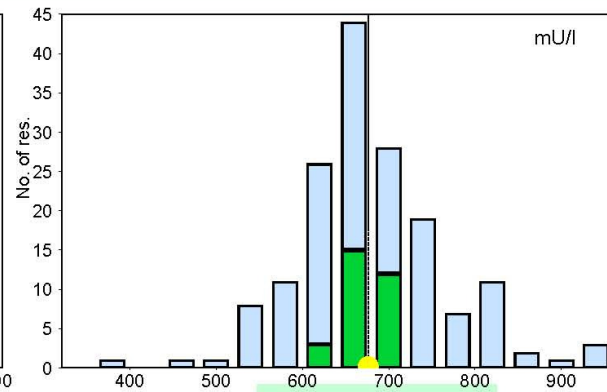
Roche Modular E  
560



**Sample B1**  
Own result 134 mU/l  
Diff% -2.3

Assigned value (X): 137 mU/l  
Target limits (X ± 20.0%): 109-164 mU/l

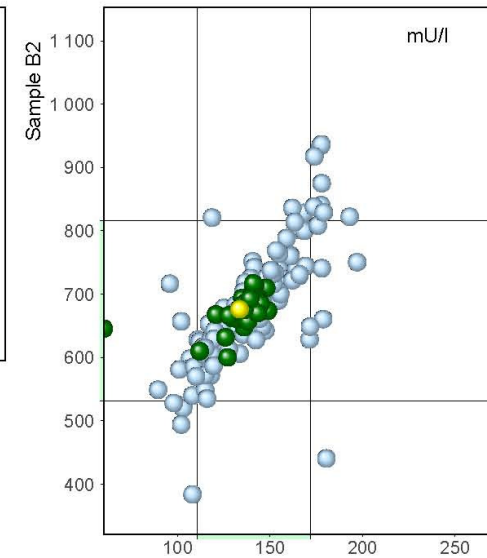
	x	sd	SEM	CV%	n
Own group	136.7	7.5	1.4	5.5	29
All	138.6	23.9	1.9	17.3	165



**Sample B2**  
Own result 676 mU/l  
Diff% 0.0

Assigned value (X): 676 mU/l  
Target limits (X ± 20.0%): 541-811 mU/l

	x	sd	SEM	CV%	n
Own group	676.2	25.9	4.7	3.8	30
All	675.0	75.2	5.9	11.1	163



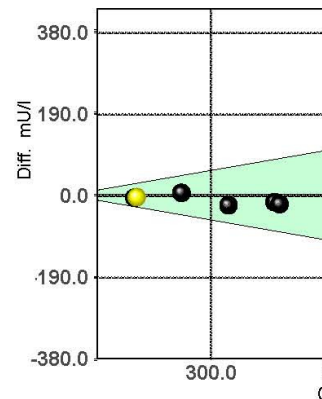
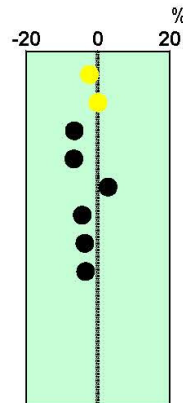
Sample B1

Previous survey data

Conc./act. dependent performance

Comments

Survey	X	Sample	No	Own	Diff%
09/02	137	Hbd 360	001	134	-2.3
09/02	676	Hbc 360	002	676	0.0
08/05	338	Hbb 360	001	316	-6.5
08/05	686	Hbc 360	002	640	-6.7
08/02	235	Hal 400	001	242	2.8
08/02	450	Har 400	002	430	-4.4
07/05	132	Hap 400	001	127	-3.6
07/05	439	Har 400	002	424	-3.4
07/02	-	Hal 400	001	233	-
07/02	-	Har 400	002	445	-
06/05	-	Hap 400	001	127	-
06/05	-	Har 400	002	424	-



Comments

Factor 21.2 was used when converting ng/mL results into mU/L.



# Growth Hormone

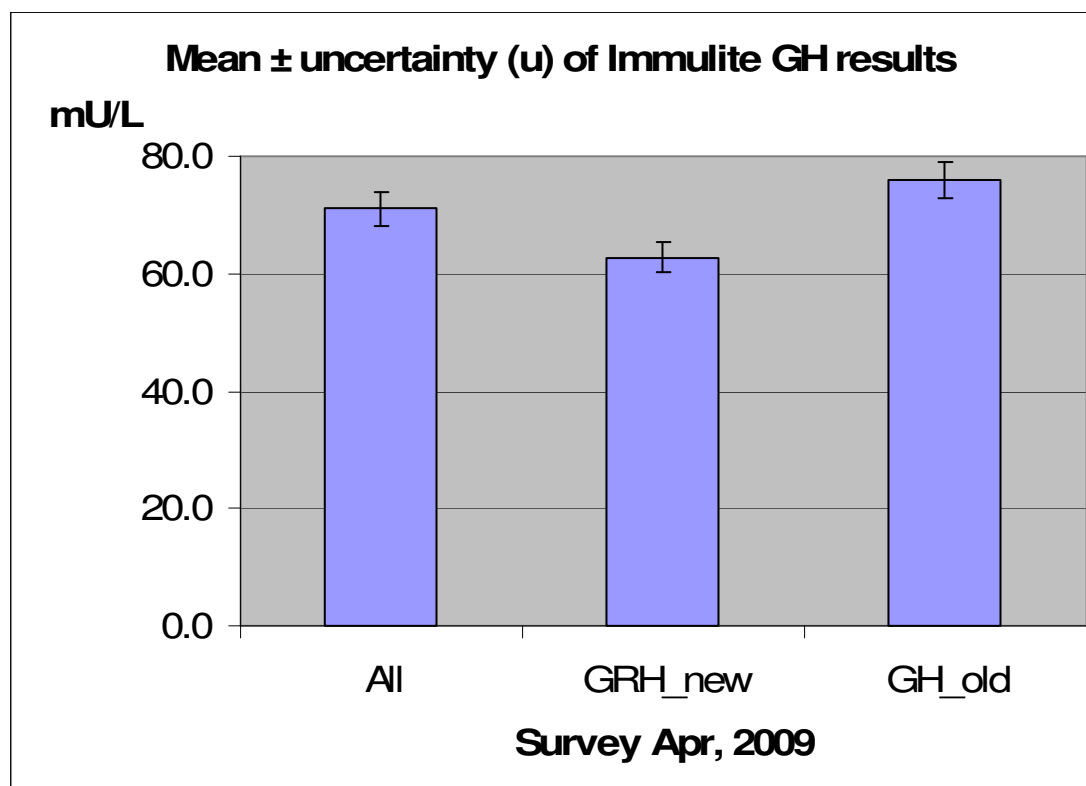
- Change of GH assay standardisation of Siemens Immulite analysers
- 2 international standards
  - recombinant 2nd IS 98/574
  - pituitary derived WHO 1st 80/505
  - 3 unit conversion factors: 3.0, 2.4. and 2.6
- change in calibration and conversion factors influences on results and assigned values



laboratory	GH_OLD	GRH_NEW	starting date
1	x		
2	x		
3	x		
4	x		
5	x		
6	x		
7	x		
8		x	5.6.2009
9		x	1.6.2009
10		x	30.3.2009
11		x	5.1.2009
12		x	29.12.2008
13		x	11.11.2008
14		x	11.11.2008
15		x	15.9.2008
16		x	5.8.2008
17		x	20.6.2008
18		x	22.5.2008
19		x	21.4.2008
20		x?	1.1.2005



Apr, 2009				
	mean (mU/L)	u	CV%	n
All	71.0	2.9	17.2	27
GRH_new	62.8	2.7	10.9	10
GH_old	76.0	3.0	12.8	17



- EQA data should also be unit wise correct since the assigned values are often determined by participant consensus.
- All the uncertainty in units has influence on the assigned values, their uncertainties and to a laboratory's performance statistics.
- Guidance of laboratories to use internationally agreed units traceable to the SI units is one of our tasks.

