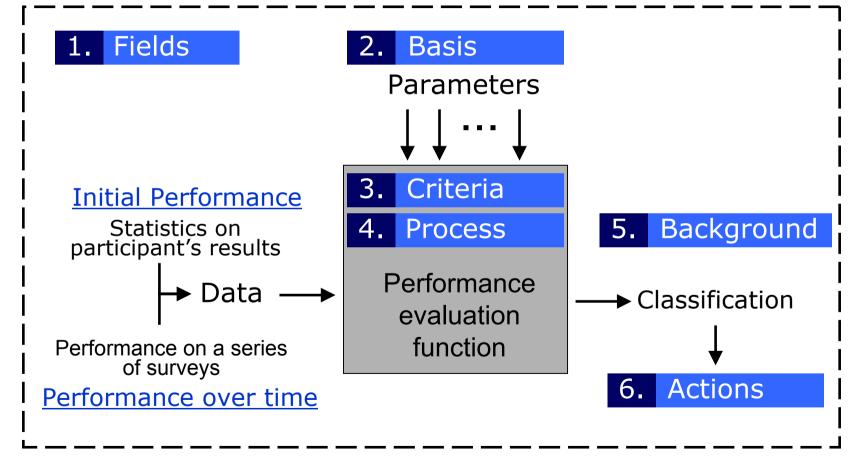


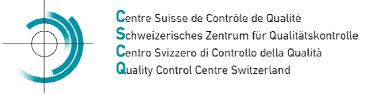
# How is poor performance defined among EQA organisations?

Xavier Albe
Quality Control Centre Switzerland



# **Details on the Poor Performance survey**





# Participants to the survey

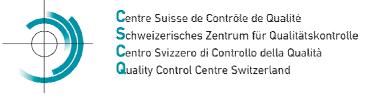
ÖQUASTA, Austria	Hospital Clinic . University of Barcelona, Spain		
Institute of Public Health, Belgium	SEQC, Spain		
SEKK, Czech Republic	Sociedad Española de Hematología y Hemotera		
DEKS, Denmark	CSCQ, Switzerland		
Labquality, Finland	Academic Medical Center, The Netherlands		
Reference Institute for Bioanalytics, Germany	ECAT Foundation, The Netherlands		
Instande e.V., Germany	Erasmus Univ. Medical Center, The Netherland		
CMCEQAS, India	Maastricht Universitu Medical Center, The Nethe		
IEQAS, Ireland	Radboud University Hospital Nijmegen, The Net		
Programma Regionale Per La Ricerca	SKML, The Netherlands		
Biomedica, Italy			
Noklus, Norway	Randox, UK		
Instituto Nacional de Saude, Dr Ricardo Jorge,	UK NEQAS General Haematology, UK		
Portugal			
RoEQALM, ROMANIA	UK NEQAS for Immunology, Immunochemistry		
	UK		
National Centre for External Quality Assessment	UK NEQAS for Microbiology, UK		

íola de Hematología y Hemoterapia, Spain and cal Center, The Netherlands on. The Netherlands Medical Center, The Netherlands ersitu Medical Center, The Netherlands sity Hospital Nijmegen, The Netherlands herlands neral Haematology, UK Immunology, Immunochemistry & Allergy, Microbiology, UK

sorted by country

in Laboratory Medicine, Russia

University Medical Centre Ljubljana, Slovenia



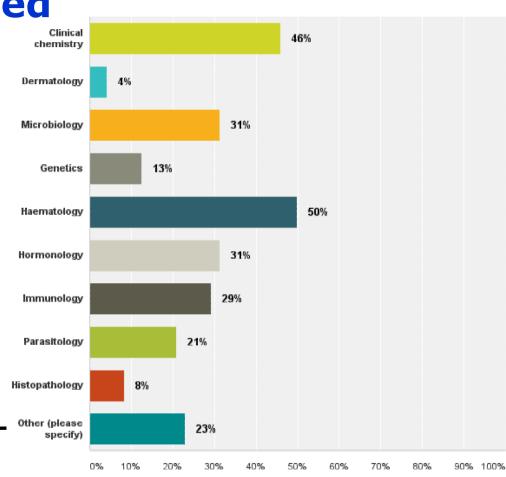
## 1. Fields concerned

Urinanalysis, 1 Andrology, 2

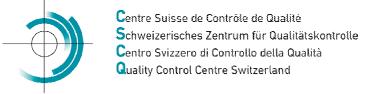
Blood smear, 1 Haemostasis, 3

Tumor markers, 2

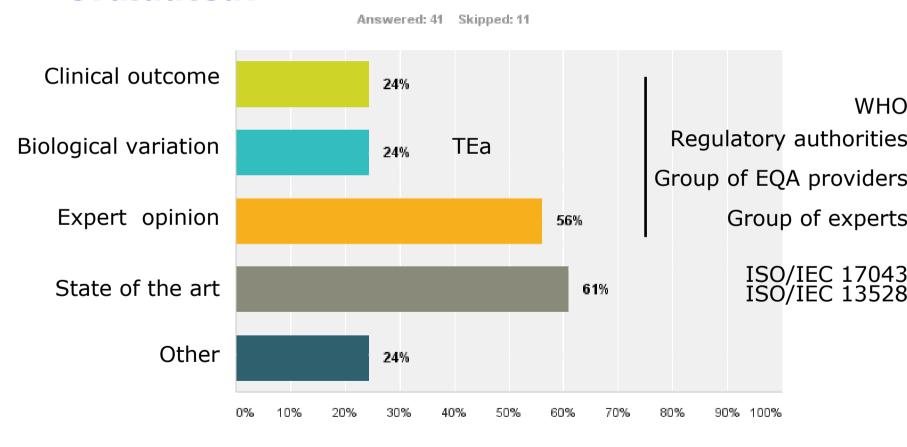
Therapeutic drug monitoring, 2

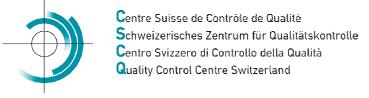


Answered: 48 Skipped: 4

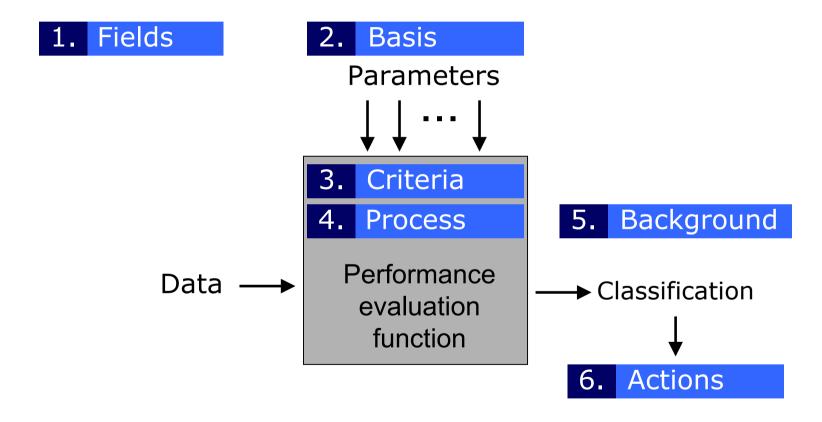


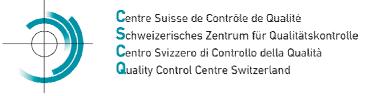
# 2. On what basis is poor performance evaluated?





# **Details on the Poor Performance survey**



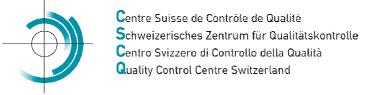


#### 3. What are the poor performance evaluation criteria?

#### 3.1 Initial Performance: quantitative parameters

Parameter	Criteria (unsatisfactory)	
x	Outlier	
z-score	z  ≥ 3	
Acceptable limits (AL)	x ∉ [lower AL, upper AL]	
1. Statistics from a peer group (SD,)	$x \notin [X- n*SD, X+ n*SD], n=2 \text{ or } 3$	
2. t = tolerance issued from expert, guidelines,	$x \notin [X^*(1-t), X(1+t)]$	
« Home made » score	Score → unacceptable	
Clinical interpretation/treatment	Inadequate	

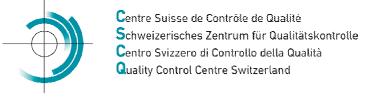
x : participant result, X : assigned value (reference/consensus value)



#### 3. What are the poor performance evaluation criteria?

#### 3.2 Initial Performance: qualitative parameters

Parameter	Criteria (unsatisfactory)
Identification of an item	Not identified
	Partialy identified
Identification of a set of items (expert group)	None identified



### 3. What are the poor performance evaluation criteria?

#### 3.3 Performance over time

Parameter	Criteria	Period
x and SD	$x \notin [X-1.96*SD, X+1.96*SD]$ over 6 months	> 6 m or 1y
Survey performance	Unsatisfactory > 25% of the surveys	1y
Survey performance	Unsatisfactory on 1/3, 2/3 or 3/3 consecutive surveys	Consecutive surveys
Overall Misclassification Index Score (OMIS)	OMIS > 3	Defined period
Mean Running Variation Index Score (MRVIS)	MRVIS > 3	Defined period

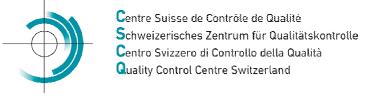
# 4. What is the procedure?

#### Calculation of statistics

- Mean with elimination of the outliers
- Robust mean and SD (algorithm A), min 10 participants
- « Home made » parameters (VI, MIS, P-score, …)
- Identification of a set of valuable items by the expert group

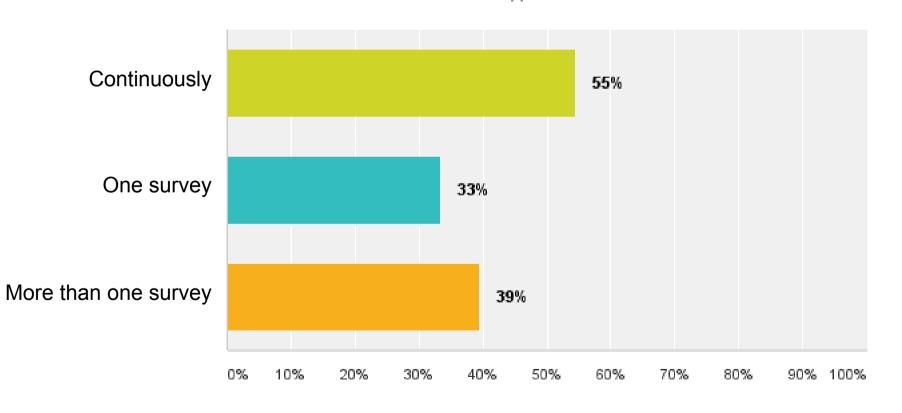
#### Report

- Histograms with limits of the « Acceptable » zone
- Youden plot for the survey
- Levey-Jennings charts for the last 12 surveys



# 4.1 On how many surveys is the poor performance evaluated?

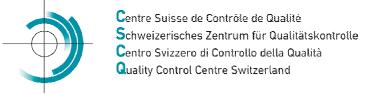






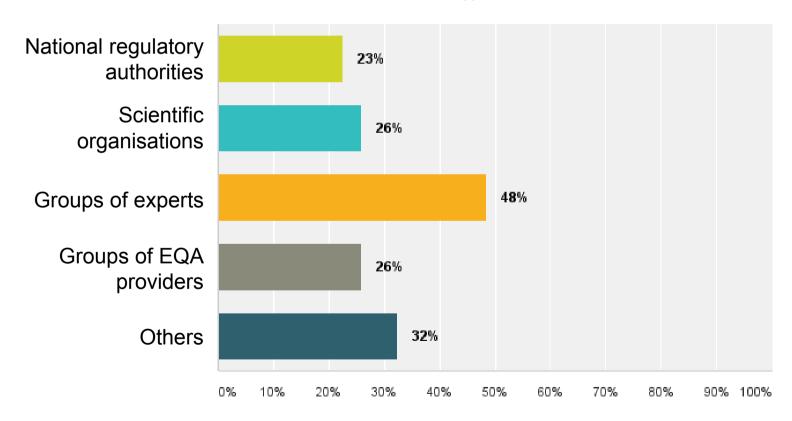
# 4.2 Number of surveys and period

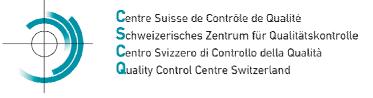
	Number of	Number of
	surveys	responses
Unspecified period	2 to 6	1
	more than 2	1
	more than 3	1
1 year cycle	4	5
	12	1
3 year cycle	12	1
-	?	1



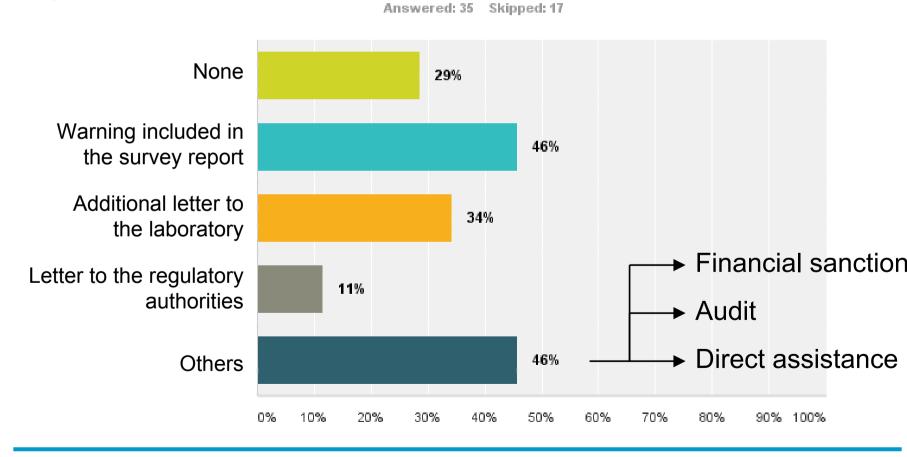
# 5. Are poor performance criteria validated/enforced by?

Answered: 31 Skipped: 21





### 6. What actions are undertaken for poorly performers?



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#### **Conclusions**

- 1. Distinction between Initial Performance and Performance over time
- 2. Multiplicity of the approaches used by the EQA providers
- 3. Effort of standardisation in
  - the terminology and associated definitions (poor performance, ....)
  - the evaluation criteria segmented by fields (clinical chemistry, ...).
  - the definition of poor performance in terms of evaluation function, number of surveys, period of time, ...
  - the actions undertaken in case of poor performance